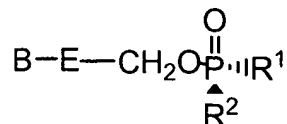


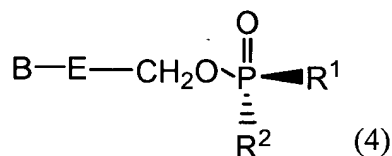
## Claim Amendments

Claims 1 – 33 (canceled)

Claim 1 (new) A diastereomerically enriched compound having the structure (3)



which is substantially free of the diastereomer (4)



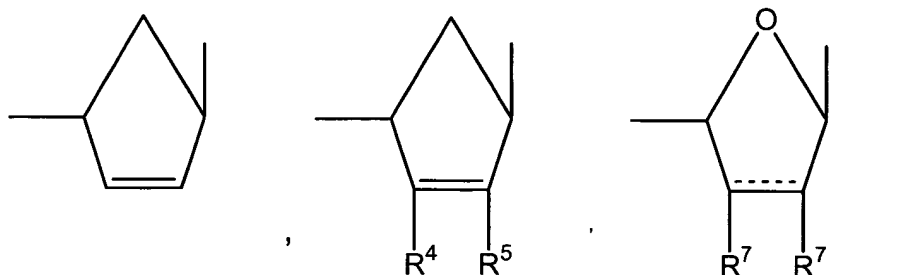
wherein

$\text{R}^1$  is an oxyester which is hydrolyzable *in vivo*, or hydroxyl;

B is a heterocyclic base;

$\text{R}^2$  is hydroxyl, or the residue of an amino acid bonded to the P atom through an amino group of the amino acid and having each carboxy substituent of the amino acid optionally esterified, but not both of  $\text{R}^1$  and  $\text{R}^2$  are hydroxyl;

E is  $-(\text{CH}_2)_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2\text{F})\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2)\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{C}\equiv\text{CH})\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2\text{N}_3)\text{CH}_2-$ ,



$-\text{CH}(\text{R}^6)\text{OCH}(\text{R}^6)-$ ,  $-\text{CH}(\text{R}^9)\text{CH}_2\text{O}-$  or  $-\text{CH}(\text{R}^8)\text{O}-$ , wherein the right hand bond is linked to the heterocyclic base;

the broken line represents an optional double bond;

$R^4$  and  $R^5$  are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, halo, amino or a substituent having 1-5 carbon atoms selected from acyloxy, alkyoxy, alkylthio, alkylamino and dialkylamino;

$R^6$  and  $R^6$  are independently H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  hydroxyalkyl, or  $C_2$ - $C_7$  alkanoyl;

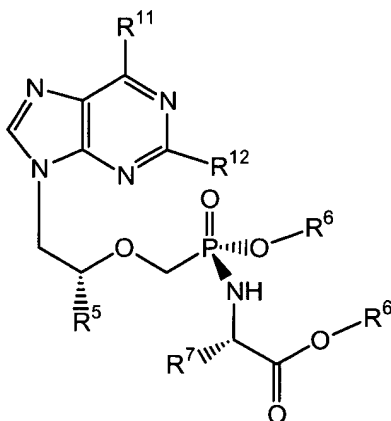
$R^7$  is independently H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl, or are taken together to form -O- or - $CH_2$ -;

$R^8$  is H,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  hydroxyalkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$  haloalkyl; and

$R^9$  is H, hydroxymethyl or acyloxymethyl;

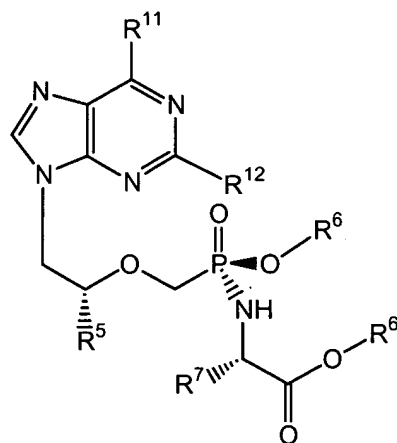
and their salts, free base, and solvates.

Claim 2 (new) A diastereomerically enriched compound having the structure (5a)



(5a)

which is substantially free of diastereomer (5b)



(5b)

wherein

R<sup>5</sup> is methyl or hydrogen;

R<sup>6</sup> independently is H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl or arylalkyl, or R<sup>6</sup> independently is alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl or arylalkyl which is substituted with from 1 to 3 substituents selected from alkylamino, alkylaminoalkyl, dialkylaminoalkyl, dialkylamino, hydroxyl, oxo, halo, amino, alkylthio, alkoxy, alkoxyalkyl, aryloxy, aryloxyalkyl, arylalkoxy, arylalkoxyalkyl, haloalkyl, nitro, nitroalkyl, azido, azidoalkyl, alkylacyl, alkylacylalkyl, carboxyl, or alkylacylamino;

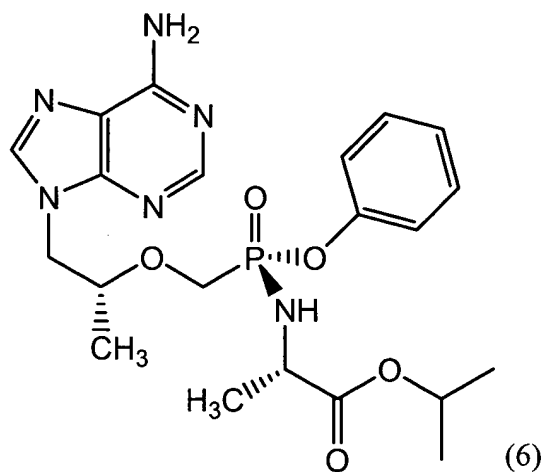
R<sup>7</sup> is the side chain of any naturally-occurring or pharmaceutically acceptable amino acid and which, if the side chain comprises carboxyl, the carboxyl group is optionally esterified with an alkyl or aryl group;

R<sup>11</sup> is amino, alkylamino, oxo, or dialkylamino; and

R<sup>12</sup> is amino or H;

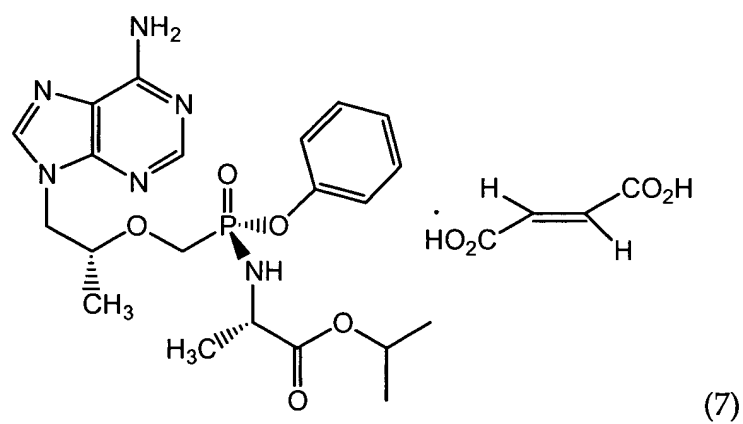
and its salts, tautomers, free base and solvates.

Claim 3 (new) A diastereomerically enriched compound of structure (6)

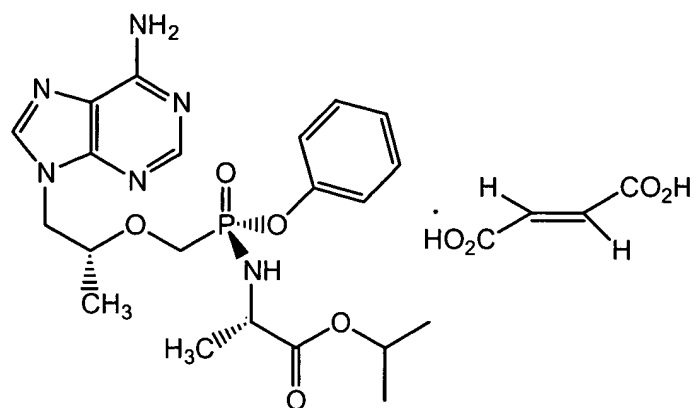


and its salts, tautomers, free base and solvates

Claim 4 (new) A diastereomerically enriched compound of structure (7)



which is substantially free of diastereomer (7a)



(7a)

Claim 5 (new) A composition comprising a compound of any of claims 1-4 and a pharmaceutically effective excipient.

Claim 6 (new) The composition of claim 5 wherein the excipient is a gel.

Claim 7 (new) The composition of claim 5 which is suitable for topical administration.

Claim 8 (new) A method for antiviral therapy or prophylaxis comprising administering a compound of any of claims 1-4 in a therapeutically or prophylactically effective amount to a subject in need of such therapy or prophylaxis.